#### 200 MHz Variable Gain Photoreceiver



Features Adjustable transimpedance gain from 10<sup>2</sup> to 10<sup>8</sup> V/A Wide bandwidth up to 200 MHz InGaAs-PIN photodiode covering the 900 to 1700 nm wavelength range FC fiber optic input High dynamic input range up to 10 mW optical power Very low noise, NEP down to 47 fW/√Hz Switchable low pass filters for minimizing wideband noise Full manual and remote control capability **Applications** All-purpose low-noise photoreceiver (O/E converter) for the MHz range Time resolved optical pulse and power measurements Laser intensity noise measurements (RIN) Optical front-end for oscilloscopes, spectrum analyzers, A/D converters and RF lock-in amplifiers Block Diagram Current to voltage converter Buffer-amplifier and Programmable Programmable AC/DC coupling gain amplifier bandwidth limiting

Offset nulling OPTICAL 100 Ω ... 10 MΩ VOLTAGE OUTPUT 10 MH FBW Low noise Overload detector bias voltage **字**3 DC-MONITOR Parameter Supply voltage regulator 郊人 POWER SUPPLY Optocoupler isolated unit DIG. CONTROL INPUTS BS01-0E-300\_R2

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Intended Use

The OE-300-IN-01 is a high speed variable gain photoreceiver. It is designed for fast and precise conversion of small optical signals into equivalent output voltages. Operation is mostly self-explanatory. If in doubt, consult this document or contact support@femto.de.

For safe operation, please refer to the damage thresholds specified in the "Absolute Maximum Ratings", "Temperature Range" and "Power Supply" sections of this document.

The operating environment must be free of smoke, dust, grease, oil, condensing moisture, and other contaminants that could affect the operation or performance.

Available Version OE-300-IN-01-FC



Fix/permanent FC fiber connector for high coupling efficiency and excellent conversion gain accuracy, FC/PC and FC/APC compatible

Related OE-300 Models See separate datasheets for following models on www.femto.de:

OE-300-SI-10-FST Si-PIN, 1 mm  $\times$  1 mm, 400 - 1000 nm

1.035"-40 threaded flange

0E-300-SI-30-FST Si-PIN, ∅ 3 mm, 320 - 1000 nm

1.035"-40 threaded flange

1.035"-40 threaded flange

Available Accessories PRA-PAP



Alternative mounting option: post adapter plate, easy to mount on FEMTO photoreceiver series OE, FWPR, PWPR, HCA-S and LCA-S

PS-15-25-L



Power Supply input: 100 – 240 VAC output: ±15 VDC

LUCI-10



Compact digital I/O interface for USB remote control, supports opto-isolation of amplifier signal path from PC USB port, 16 digital outputs, 3 opto-isolated digital inputs, bus-powered operation

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Specifications Test conditions  $V_S = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ , output load impedance 50  $\Omega$ , warm-up 20 minutes (min. 10 minutes recommended) Gain Transimpedance gain  $1 \times 10^2 \dots 1 \times 10^8$  V/A (output load 50  $\Omega$ ) Gain accuracy ±1 % electrical, between settings Frequency Response Lower cut-off frequency DC / 100 Hz, switchable Upper cut-off frequency (-3 dB) up to 200 MHz (see table below). switchable to 1 MHz or 10 MHz Input Optical CW saturation power see table below Noise equivalent power (NEP) see table below  $10^{3}$ Performance depending Gain setting (low noise) (V/A)  $10^{5}$  $10^{6}$ on Gain Setting 220 kHz Upper cut-off frequency (-3 dB) 200 MHz 80 MHz 14 MHz 3.5 MHz 1.8 MHz Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %) 1.9 ns 3.3 ns 26 ns 90 ns 210 ns  $1.5 \, \mu s$ NEP ( $/\sqrt{Hz}$ , @1550 nm) 180 pW 22 pW 1.9 pW 390 fW 140 fW 50 fW Measured at 20 MHz 8 MHz 1.4 MHz 350 kHz 180 kHz 22 kHz Integr. input noise (RMS)\* 4.9 µW 380 nW 23 nW 3.3 nW 0.84 nW 71 pW CW sat. power (@ 1550 nm) 10 mW 100 μW 10 μW 100 nW 1.0 mW 1.0 μW Gain setting (high speed) (V/A)  $10^{3}$  $10^{4}$  $10^{7}$ Upper cut-off frequency (-3 dB) 175 MHz 80 MHz 14 MHz 3.5 MHz 1.8 MHz 220 kHz Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %) 2.3 ns 3.45 ns 27 ns 90 ns 210 ns 1.5 µs 132 pW 6.3 pW NEP (/<sub>√</sub>/Hz, @ 1550 nm) 1.4 pW 350 fW 113 fW 47 fW Measured at 18 MHz 8 MHz 1.4 MHz 350 kHz 180 kHz 22 kHz Integr. input noise (RMS)\* 3.0 µW 285 nW 21 nW 3.2 nW 0.84 nW 71 pW CW sat. power (@ 1550 nm) 1.0 mW 100 μW 10 μW 1.0 μW 100 nW 10 nW \* The integrated input noise is measured with a shaded input in the full bandwidth ("FBW") setting (referred to 1550 nm). The measurement bandwidth is  $3 \times$  the upper cut-off frequency at the specific gain setting; filter slope is a 1st order roll-off. The input referred peak-peak noise can be calculated from the RMS noise as follows:  $P_{\text{Input noise peak-to-peak}} = P_{\text{Input noise RMS}} \times 6$ The output noise is given by: U <sub>Output noise RMS</sub> = P Input noise RMS × gain  $U_{\text{Output noise peak-to-peak}} = U_{\text{Output noise RMS}} \times 6 = P_{\text{Input noise RMS}} \times \text{gain} \times 6$ The integrated noise will be reduced considerably by setting the low pass filter to "1 MHz" or "10 MHz" instead of "FBW". This is especially useful for continuous wave (CW) measurements. InGaAs-PIN photodiode Detector Detector type Active area Integrated ball lens, suitable for fibers up to 50 um core diameter 900 -1700 nm Spectral range 0.95 A/W typ. (@ 1550 nm) Sensitivity Dark current 20 pA typ.  $\pm 1$  V (@ 50  $\Omega$  output load), for linear amplification Output Output voltage rang Output impedance  $50 \Omega$  (designed for  $50 \Omega$  load) ±40 mA (short-circuit proof) Max. output current Slew rate 1000 V/us adjustable by offset potentiometer and external control Output offset compensation voltage, output offset compensation range min. ±100 mV

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Specifications (continued)						
DC Monitor Output	Monitor output gain	Mode Low noise High speed	Monitor gain  Gain setting divided by -1  Gain setting divided by -10			
	Monitor output polarity Monitor output voltage range Monitor output bandwidth Monitor output impedance	inverting $ \pm 1 \text{ V } (@ \geq 1 \text{ M}\Omega \text{ load}) $ DC 1 kHz $ 1 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (designed for } \geq 1 \text{ M}\Omega \text{ load}) $				
Indicator LED	Function	overload				
Digital Control	Control input voltage range Control input current Overload output	LOW bit: -0.8 V +1.2 V, HIGH bit: +2.3 V +12 V 0 mA @ 0 V, 1.5 mA @ +5 V, 4.5 mA @ +12 V non active: <0.4 V @ 01 mA active: typ. 5 5.1 V @ 0 2 mA				
Ext. Offset Control	Control voltage range Offset control input impedance	±10 V 15 kΩ				
Optical Input Connector	Material FC receptacle	nickel silver				
Power Supply	Supply voltage Supply current	$\pm 15$ V ( $\pm 14.75$ V $\pm 16.5$ V) $\pm 110$ / $-90$ mA typ. (depends on operating conditions, recommended power supply capability min. $\pm 200$ mA)				
Case	Weight Material	360 g (0.79 lbs) AlMg4.5Mn, nickel-plated				
Temperature Range	Storage temperature Operating temperature	-40 °C +80 °C 0 °C +60 °C				
Absolute Maximum Ratings	Optical input power (CW) Digital control input voltage Analog control input voltage Power supply voltage	12 mW -5 V/+16 V relative to digital ground DGND (pin 9) ±15 V relative to analog ground AGND (pin 3) ±20 V				
Connectors	Input Output Power supply	BNC jack (fema	, FC/PC and FC/APC compatible)			

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Connectors (continued)							
	Control port	Sub-D 25-pin, female, qual. class 2 $\begin{pmatrix} 13 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & $					
		Pin 1: +12 Pin 2: -12 Pin 3: AGN Pin 4: +5 \ Pin 5: digit Pin 6: DC \ Pin 7: \ Pin 8: \ Pin 9: \ Pin 10: \ digit Pin 11: \ digit Pin 12: \ digit Pin 13: \ digit Pin 14: \ digit Pin 15: \ uppe	V (stabilized power V (stabilized power V (stabilized power D (analog ground V (stabilized power al output: overload Monitor output: overload Monitor output by the control voltage in the control input: gallo control input: gallo control input: gallo control input: Allo control input: Allo control input: hier cut-off frequence cut-off	er supply ouer supply ouer supply ouer supply ouer for pins 1 - supply out the following tension of the following tension	ntput*) 8) put*) o pin 3) oins 10 - 16 low noise NHz		
Remote Control Operation	General	Remote control input bits are opto-isolated and connected by a logical OR function to the local switch settings. For remote control set the corresponding local switches to "Remote", "DC", "L" (low noise mode) and "FBW", and select the desired setting via a bit code at the corresponding digital inputs.  Mixed operation, e.g. local AC/DC setting and remote controlled gain setting, is also possible.					
	Gain setting	•	speed (V/A) Pin 12 4=HIGH MSB LOW LOW LOW LOW HIGH HIGH	Pin 11  LOW LOW HIGH HIGH LOW LOW	Pin 10 LSB LOW HIGH LOW HIGH LOW HIGH		
	AC/DC setting	Coupling Pin 2 DC LOW AC HIGH	13				
	Low pass filter setting	Upper cut-off freq. full bandwidth 10 MHz 1 MHz	limit Pin 15 LOW HIGH LOW	Pin 16 LOW LOW HIGH			
	High speed / low noise setting	Mode low noise mode high speed mode	Pin 14 LOW HIGH				

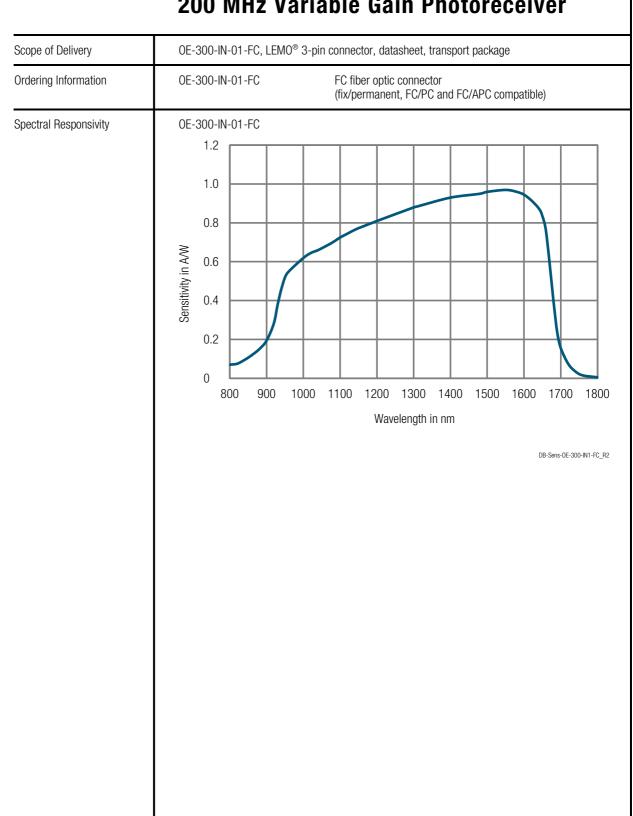
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**OE-300-IN-01 Datasheet** 

#### 200 MHz Variable Gain Photoreceiver



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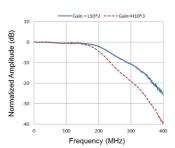
## 200 MHz Variable Gain Photoreceiver

Typical Performance Characteristic

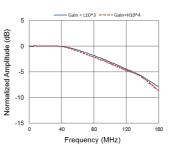
Frequency response

 $V_{\text{Supply}} = \pm 15 \text{ V}_{\text{DC}}; \text{ R}_{\text{Load}} = 50 \text{ }\Omega$ 

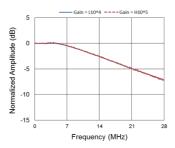
Gain setting: L10<sup>2</sup>, H10<sup>3</sup>



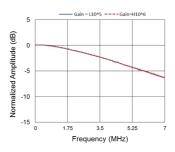
Gain setting: L103, H104



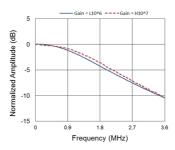
Gain setting: L104, H105



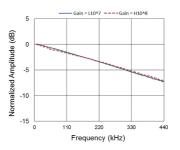
Gain setting: L105, H106



Gain setting:  $L10^6$ ,  $H10^7$ 



Gain setting: L10<sup>7</sup>, H10<sup>8</sup>

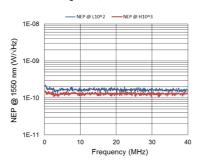


#### 200 MHz Variable Gain Photoreceiver

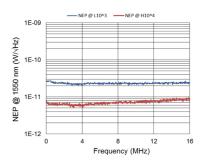
Typical Performance Characteristic (continued)

Input noise equivalent power (NEP)

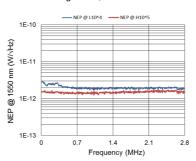
Gain setting L10<sup>2</sup>, H10<sup>3</sup>



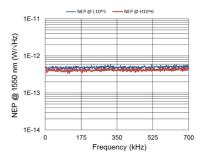
Gain setting L103, H104



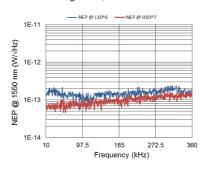
Gain setting: L104, H105



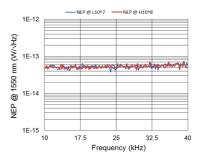
Gain setting: L105, H106



Gain setting: L10<sup>6</sup>, H10<sup>7</sup>



Gain setting: L10<sup>7</sup>, H10<sup>8</sup>

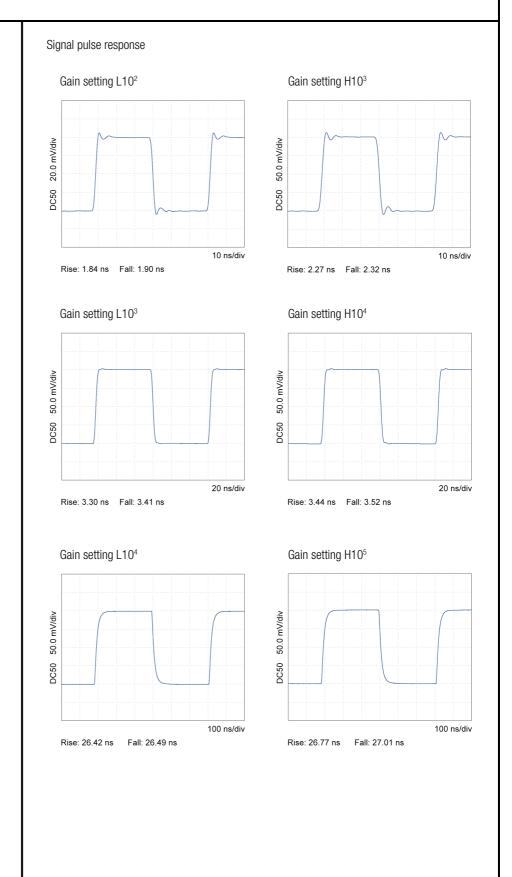


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Typical Performance Characteristic (continued)

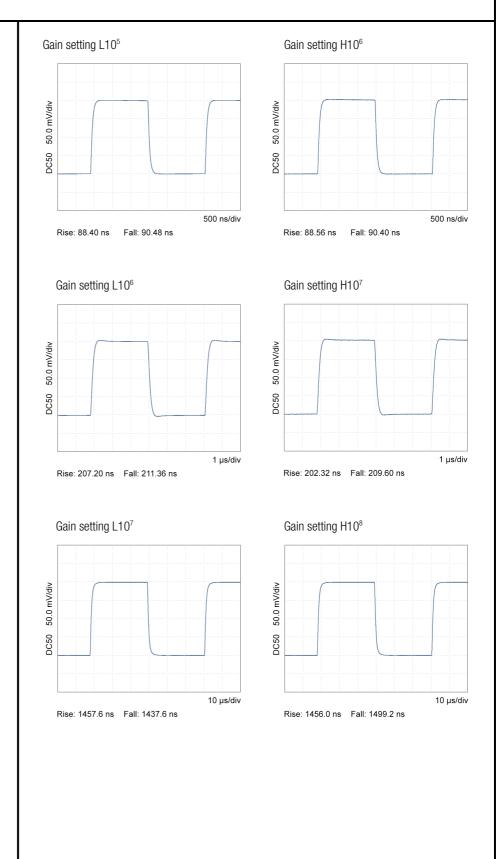


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Typical Performance Characteristic (continued)



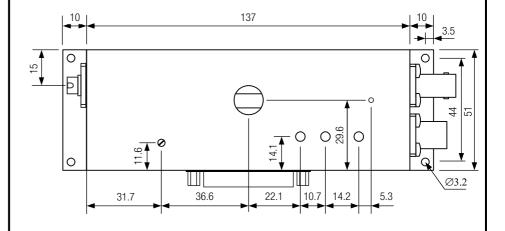
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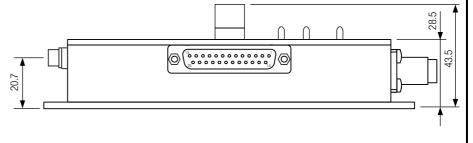
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### 200 MHz Variable Gain Photoreceiver

Dimensions

0E-300-IN-01-FC





DZ-0E-300-FC\_R01

all dimensions in mm unless otherwise noted

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